

April 1968

Substitute for Form PTO-875

Application or Doc# Number
106392

(Column 1)	(Column 2)
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SMALL ENTITY

OR

RATE	FEE
1.00	\$ _____
X \$ _____ =	
X \$ _____ =	
+ \$ _____ =	
TOTAL	

* If the difference in column 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in column 2

(Column 1)	(Column 2)	(Column 3)
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SMALL ENTITY

or

RATE	ADDITIONAL FEE
X \$ _____ =	
X \$ _____ =	
+ \$ _____ =	
TOTAL ADDITIONAL FEE	

AMENDMENT B

0:15	1:00
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•

	ADDITIONAL FEE
X \$ _____ =	
X \$ _____ =	
+ \$ _____ =	
TOTAL ADD'L FEE	

AMENDMENT C

DATE	6001
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•

	ADDITIONAL FEE
X \$ _____ =	
X \$ _____ =	
+ \$ _____ =	
TOTAL ADDITIONAL FEE	

* K. H. F. Fiedler, in: *Handbuch der Physik*, Vol. 25, Pt. 2, Springer, Berlin, 1981, p. 1.

^a $\text{O}(\text{H}) = \text{Reduced number of } \text{O}(\text{H}) \text{ in } \text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16} \text{ to } \text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14} = 1 \text{ in } \text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16} - 0 \text{ in } \text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14} = 1$.

*** If the standard number is 1 or 2, the value of β will be 1 or 2, respectively. For example, if $\beta = 1$, the standard number is 1, and the value of β is 1, then the standard number is 1, and the value of β is 1.

The Hodge of Hodge theory of (X, ω) is $H^{p,q}(X, \omega) = H^{p,q}(X, \mathbb{C}) \cap \mathcal{H}^{p,q}(X, \omega)$.

[illegible]